## Smt Sindhutai Jadhao Arts and Science Mahavidyalaya, Mehkar B.Sc. II SEMESTAR V

## **CHEMISTRY**

Link for Material
https://youtu.be/8ZTcdIsAAns
https://youtu.be/mN9XAQhh7MY
https://youtu.be/wGnaXN9CPa
https://youtu.be/u9jZrazcur
https://youtu.be/vO4yWii-lks

Heterocyclic compounds: Nomenclature, Pyrrole: Synthesis from acetylene, succinimide and furan, Basicity, Electrophilic substitution reactions (orientation) – nitration, sulphonation, acetylation and halogenation, Molecular orbital structure. Pyridine: Synthesis from acetylene and pentamethylene diamine hydrochloride, Basicity, Electrophilic substitution reactions (orientation) – nitration, sulphonation, Nucleophilic substitution reactions (orientation) - with NaNH2, C6H5 Li and KOH.	https://youtu.be/xUFjfRTGpd4
Organometallic compounds: Grignard reagents: Methyl magnesium bromide- Synthesis from methyl bromide (only reaction) Synthetic applications: Electrophilic substitution reactions-formation of alkanes, alkenes, higher alkynes and other organometallic compounds, Nucleophilic substitution reactions- Reaction with aldehydes and ketones, ethylene oxide, acetyl chloride, methyl cyanide and CO2 Methyl lithium-Synthesis and reaction with water, formaldehyde, acetaldehyde, acetone, ethylene oxide and CO2	https://youtu.be/rYvMBpPHL24
UNIT-IV	
A] Dyes: Classification on the basis of structure and mode of application, Preparation and uses of Methyl orange, Crystal violet, Phenolphthalein, Alizarin and Indigo.	https://youtu.be/2sHlLNzTpUU
Drugs: Analgesic and antipyretics: Synthesis and uses of phenylbutazone. Sulpha drugs: Synthesis and uses of sulphanilamide and sulphadiazine. Antimalarials: Synthesis of chloroquine from 4,7-dichloroquinoline and its uses.	https://youtu.be/ZbJUxkLKz88
Pesticides: Insecticides:Synthesis and uses of malathion. Herbicides: Synthesis and uses of 2,4-dichloro phenoxy acetic acid (2,4-D). Fungicides: Synthesis and uses of thiram (tetramethyl thiuram disulphide.	https://youtu.be/PhE6_u11gVw
UNIT-V	
Photochemistry (i) Photochemical and thermal reactions. (ii) Lambert's law - Statement and derivation. Beer's law - Statement and derivation. Reasons for deviation from Beer's law. (iii) Laws of photochemistry. (iv) Quantum yield of photochemical reaction. Reasons for high and low quantum yield. Experimental determination of quantum yield. Photosensitized reaction. (v) Kinetics of photochemical decomposition of HI. (vi) Fluorescence and Phosphorescence. Selection rule for electronic transition. Internal conversion and inter-system crossing. Explanation of fluorescence and phosphorescence on the basis of Joblonski diagram. (vii) Chemiluminescence and Bioluminescence with examples. (viii) Numericals.	https://youtu.be/CM4qsSltQOY

## Molecular Spectroscopy

(i) Electromagnetic radiation, characteristics of electromagnetic radiation in terms of wavelength, wave number, frequency and energy of photon. Spectrum of electromagnetic radiation. (ii) Types of spectra - Emission and absorption spectra, atomic and molecular spectra, line and band spectra (iii) Translational, vibrational, rotational and electronic motion. The degree of freedom in each motion. (iv) Energy level diagram of a molecule indicating electronic, vibrational and rotational transitions. (v) Condition for pure rotational spectrum (i.e. microwave active molecules), selection rule for rotational transition. Derivation of expression for moment of inertia of a diatomic rigid rotor. Isotope effect. Applications of microwave spectroscopy for the determination of moment of inertia and bonding. (vi) Condition for exhibiting vibrational spectra (i.e. IR active molecule), selection rule for vibrational transition. Vibrational energy levels of a simple harmonic oscillator. Zero point energy, position of a spectral line. Determination of force constant of a covalent bond. (v) Raman effect - Raman's spectrum of a molecule. Condition for exhibiting Raman spectrum (i.e. Raman active molecule), selection rule for rotational transitions. Pure rotational spectrum of diatomic molecule, vibrational Raman spectrum of a diatomic molecule. (vii) Numericals.

https://youtu.be/RRME2G7k4Tw